

# Sedalia Evening Democrat

NEW SERIES.

SEDALIA, MISSOURI, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1892.

PRICE, FIVE CENTS.

## AN APPEAL.

### AID ASKED FOR THE CONFEDERATE SOLDIERS' HOME.

**The State Committee Fully Sets Forth the Needs of the Institution.**

The following address issued from the headquarters of the ex-Confederate home of Missouri and read in every school district of the state, will prove of great interest to all who desire to see all old soldiers taken care of regardless of politics or service. The address is as follows:

TO THE PEOPLE OF MISSOURI—Two years ago an organization was incorporated to provide a home for indigent ex-confederates, their wives, widows and orphans. In this time over \$50,000 has been given by our united people, regardless of political creed or of the side on which they fought. The results are briefly: We have bought a farm of 362 acres at Higginsville, Lafayette county, for \$18,500. Eleven three-room cottages have been built, costing \$5,530; a storehouse built, at \$400, and other improvements added—with horses, cows, beef cattle, hogs, etc., costing about \$3,500 more. The buildings bought with the farm are easily worth \$4,000. This makes our confederate home property worth now about \$32,000.

On our farm we have this year raised all our breadstuffs; feed for stock and hogs, and all the vegetables needed for the year. The cottages are filled with happy families. Each family has a cow, and makes its own butter, and will cultivate its own garden this spring. Twelve children are going to school. The ladies of Lafayette county are building a church, to cost \$1,200, to be used also as a school house.

To this Home over fifty men, women and children have been sent, and are now comfortably clothed, housed and fed by the generous people of our great state. We estimate that there are 250 more to be cared for.

The women of Missouri have assumed the work of erecting the main building, to cost about \$30,000, and they have already raised \$15,957. God has blessed them in this work, sanctified by their tears and consecrated by their prayers.

Our task is to raise an endowment fund to support our old comrades, and send their helpless children to school.

Most of this money has been raised in the cities and towns. To give every man a chance to share in this great charity we now, at this school election, appeal to every school district in the state to contribute \$10 or more to help maintain these old soldiers and their families, who have no right to appeal to any government for aid.

We are proud of our success thus far, and those who have already given are well rewarded by the feeling that they have saved so many from starvation and cold.

We call your attention to the following editorial from the St. Louis Republic of January 30, 1892:

"The movement to establish a 'home for disabled ex-confederate soldiers in this state has been well managed and has made a good beginning. A little perseverance now will place the institution on a solid basis. It is accomplishing much good already in enabling some feeble veterans to pull easily through a hard winter."

This circular will be read to-day in every school district in the state, and when the sun goes down to-night we feel sure that every disabled ex-confederate, and every suffering widow and orphan will be safe from all fear of the poor-house or a pauper's grave. And they will pray to God to bless the grand old state and its people and their splendid generosity.

The money given to-day will be carefully and economically used by the executive committee, composed of one vice-president from each congressional district, elected at our annual reunion. To these all funds will be first remitted, and by them sent to our treasurer, Maj. Hiram A. Ricketts, cashier of the Southern bank, Mexico, Mo. The treasurer has given an ample bond, with ex-Governor Charles H. Har-

din, ex-Senator Green Clay and others as sureties, representing over a half million dollars.

The wonderful success of this move, will we trust, be a guarantee to you of good management in the future.

JAMES BANNERMAN, President, W. P. BARLOW, Secretary.

### BADLY SHAKEN UP.

#### Conductor Scheer, of the Electric Line, Knocked Silly for a Minute.

Conductor J. H. Scheer on motor car No. 11, of the electric line, is not feeling very well to-day over the severe shaking up received last Saturday.

A telephone wire got crossed with the motor wire at Main and Ohio, and knocked up a big row.

The telephone wire was stepped upon by a team driven by John Roy, night foreman of the Missouri Pacific shops. Conductor Scheer arrived on his car about this time and seizing a hatchet severed the wire. He was badly shocked, both hands were burned and the skin knocked off his fingers in several places.

### DARING RUNAWAYS.

#### They Swim the Missouri River on a Horse.

A gentleman was talking to a DEMOCRAT reporter this morning of the excellent manner in which the reform school at Boonville is conducted. A close watch is kept upon the inmates, but some of them are very slippery eels and sometimes manage to escape.

Not a great while ago three of the boys decided to run away. They secured a pony upon which all three got astride. They struck the river in a short time, but did not hesitate a moment, and plunged boldly into its deep and treacherous waters. Luckily the pony was a good swimmer, and they were landed safe on the other side.

The feat was a dangerous one, and there are a hundred chances to one that they would have been drowned. Two of the boys are still at liberty.

### PERSONALS.

Mrs. Laura Plattenburg, mother of Mrs. John N. Edwards, died at her home in Lafayette county yesterday.

Major Henry Newman, the ex-Confederate orator, was a guest at Secher's yesterday.

Capt. A. A. Walker, of Pleasant Green, passed through Sedalia this morning, en route to the state capital.

Joe, the Turk, with a blue suit and a variegated umbrella, who was the hero of the Salvation army yesterday, left this morning for Moberly.

W. W. Herrold came in from the west this morning.

Dr. Edward Sewell and bride, late of Lincoln, Benton county, were guests of Mrs. Kate Reese yesterday. They were on their way to Portland, Oregon, where they expect to make their future home.

George Carroll, William Roberts, Thomas Roberts and wife, and W. P. Weathers came in from the thriving little city of Lamonte this morning and spent the day in Sedalia.

Thos. Terry, cashier of the Lamonte bank, is in the city to-day.

John S. Fleming, one of Lamonte's most prominent citizens, is doing business in town to-day.

R. C. Sneed left this morning for Fulton, where he will spend several days.

Rev. Henry Mackay, rector of Christ Episcopal church, at Boonville, passed through Sedalia this morning, on his way home from Clinton, where he filled an engagement yesterday.

Dr. Ferguson and wife returned this morning from Hughesville, where they spent the Sabbath.

Lawyer George P. B. Jackson and Charles E. Yeater left this morning for Jefferson City.

Col. Wilbur F. Tuttle went to Jefferson City at noon. Mr. Tuttle is of the opinion that the present session will be a red-hot time.

John Bucher, the only John, representing the Rogers, Smith & Co. Meridian Britannia works, was circulating among the jewelers this morning.

Rev. Joseph Mayou of Appleton City, is the guest of Rev. Marquis, pastor of the Central Presbyterian church.

Rev. Pocock of Clinton, Mo., will arrive in Sedalia this evening to assist in the protracted meeting now in progress at the Central Presbyterian church.

## AT THE STAKE.

### A NEGRO FIEND BURNED TO DEATH IN ARKANSAS.

**The Outraged Victim Herself Set Fire to the Wretch Who Assaulted Her.**

A Texarkana dispatch of the 21st gives additional particulars of the terrible punishment meted out to the negro Ed. Coy who committed a fiendish assault upon a white woman a few days ago.

The lady, Mrs. Jewell, was left alone while her husband went to town and during his absence the negro came to the house and made the fiendish assault, dragging his victim to the barn and repeating the crime several times.

As soon as the alarm was given crowds of infuriated citizens began the search and kept it up until Saturday when Coy was captured. After he had been fully identified the infuriated populace dragged him to a stump in the outskirts of Texarkana and after his clothing had been saturated with kerosene Mrs. Jewell, the victim of his assaults, herself applied a lighted match and almost instantly the wretch was wrapped in flames.

The shrieks and groans of the tortured wretch could be heard by every one in the vast assembly that had gathered to witness the severest punishment that could be inflicted for the most diabolical of crimes, but there was no pity in the grim faces.

Men thought of the safety of their own loved wives and daughters, and they sought to make the punishment sufficient to deter others from committing similar crimes.

The negroes are considerably worked up over the affair, and, it is learned, held several meetings and discussed the matter. It seems that while they were not opposed to the death penalty in Coy's case, they thought burning too severe, and that hanging or death by shooting was sufficient. There are exceptions, however, to this view, as some of the negroes said that burning was the proper punishment.

While the execution was in progress and Coy was groaning and writhing in his death agony, a negro woman in a group wrung her hands and, weeping, said: "Oh, that is so cruel; they ought not to do that."

An old, white-haired dandy who stood near her responded: "What dat you say, niggah? Ain't you got no sense? You bet he's a ketchin' it jess right. If he was to do my old wife or my gal like he did dat white woman you better blebbe I'd burn de nasty black rascal, too!"

While the excitement was at its height, with the flames shooting upward and the writhing body of Coy in full view, a delayed passenger train over the Iron Mountain from St. Louis passed within thirty feet and the load of passengers on board had an unobstructed view of the mob's awful vengeance.

### A MOTHER'S LOVE.

#### Poverty Does Not Break the Bonds That Bind a Mother to Her Child.

A widow lady named Nancy Seeman, from Knobnoster, stirred up a good sized row and attracted a large crowd at the depot at noon.

It seems that a number of months ago, she found herself unable to take care of all her children and gave one of them, a boy about three years old, into the keeping of Taylor Holt and wife, who live a short distance southeast of Sedalia.

To-day the mother went to the Holt residence and took her child away, while it was playing outside the yard.

The Holts had evidently become endeared to the boy and immediately prepared to get it back again and aid of an officer was invoked. Possession, however, was nine points in law with the mother, and she refused to return it.

It is said that the Holt family has no legal claim upon the child, and the mother will doubtless be unmolested.

### Sent to Jail.

John Dean, arrested by Detective DeLong for vagrancy, was fined \$20 and costs by Justice Fisher this afternoon and sent to jail. He is a "suspect" and wanted in Kansas City.

### St. Patrick's Day.

There will be no public parade or other observance in Sedalia on March 17. In the evening a grand ball will be given by the locomotive firemen.

## BOLD BANDIT.

### ONE MAN ROBS AN EXPRESS TRAIN IN NEW YORK.

**He Stands Off a Crowd, Seizes an Engine and Attempts to Escape But is Captured.**

New York comes to the front with a train robbery which for cool daring eclipses anything that has yet been recorded in the wild and breezy west.

Train No. 31 on the Central Hudson carried only express matter from New York to Chicago, and had in cash in express packages nearly one million dollars when it passed Rochester, New York, Sunday morning. When the train neared Westport the conductor thought he heard a signal from the express car; he went out on the platform and peeped into the car and the sight that greeted him was the messenger lying bleeding on the floor and bending over him a bandit masked to the chin and armed to the teeth.

The conductor called his trainmen to his assistance but all being unarmed the bandit easily stood them off, and, by firing whenever they appeared in sight, drove them into the coach. One of the crew jumped from the train and ran back to the station and telegraphed ahead for assistance.

When the train reached Lyons and stopped, no bandit was in the express car, but the conductor saw on the platform a modest looking man he remembered to have seen at Syracuse when the train passed. He called attention to the man when the fellow promptly drew two revolvers, "stood off" the crowd, climbed on a locomotive that was standing upon the track, drove the engineer and fireman from it, threw the throttle wide open and tore away down the track.

A crew quickly manned the express engine and gave pursuit and after a desperate chase drove the bandit from his engine. The bold robber took to the woods but was soon overtaken and captured.

The robber gave the name of Wm. Cross and confesses his guilt. He was formerly a cowboy in New Mexico, and later a railway brakeman.

Cross boarded the train as it pulled out of Syracuse, smashed in the glass at the side door of the express car, shot the messenger and then climbed in the car. When the stop was made and he was discovered he drove the trainmen away, then climbed out and left the train at Lyons and would have escaped in the crowd but for the conductor remembering having seen him at Syracuse.

### THE TALE UNTRUE.

#### The "Gazette" Misrepresents an Honest Man's Family.

Sunday morning the Gazette contained an article referring to the burglary which John Brockschmidt is charged with having committed.

In the article referred to it is stated that Mr. Mashburn, (printed by the Gazette Washburn) had no money, and that his wife stated this alleged fact to an officer.

This is untrue. Mrs. Mashburn denies having made any such statement. On Wednesday Mr. Mashburn received from W. A. Fast something like \$26 and from A. W. Wenzburg \$20, and it was out of this money that the loss was sustained.

The Gazette also stated that if any charge was made against Brockschmidt it would be that of entering a house of prostitution. This inexcusable insinuation is of an outrageous character. Brockschmidt, it is claimed by Mashburn, entered the house between one and two o'clock in the morning, and had never been in the house prior to that time. Mr. Mashburn is a poor man and a cripple, and is moreover not well educated, but he is honest, as is testified by numberless people, and the charges made by the Gazette are gross libels upon the character of the man and his family and would not have been made against him had he not been a poor man.

Brockschmidt will be tried for burglary as charged, and Mashburn and his family will appear against him at the right time.

The Gazette has no right to use its "inside facts" to ruin the honest name of any man.

### The Bernhardt.

The great and only Sarah Bernhardt of the volcanic passion and the cyclone embrace, passed

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Keep Your Bargain Eye on this space.

through Sedalia yesterday afternoon at 4:50 o'clock. A special train of three baggage cars, one Pullman and Madam's private sleeper were necessary to carry Cleopatra's snake, the tiger and the French maids. The great artist was asleep and the public did not see her.

### An Irate Woman.

An exciting little occurrence took place near Lamine and Second last evening. A woman, an umbrella and a presumptuous man were the central figures.

The man had evidently done something to arouse the woman's displeasure, as a broken umbrella and a battered head proved that the female was a fighter of no small proportions.

### The Roberts' Case.

Thomas Roberts, charged with felonious assault upon Charles Reinhard, was arraigned before Justice Fisher this morning. Owing to the absence of Reinhard, on account of sickness, the case was continued till March 5.

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First-Class

First-Class Paper-hangers

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Season 1892.

New Stock of

## Wall Paper.

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208 OHIO STREET.

FRANK KRUGER'S

—TWO—

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S. A. ROSSE & CO.,

Dealers in Clinton and Fort

Scott's, bituminous

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Coal and Cord or Stove Wood.

At 610 to 630 East 3rd street.

Telephone No. 100.

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for the Sedalia Democrat told us that we would sell lots more

## WALL PAPER

if we would advertise in that paper—

—SO HERE GOES!—

Are you in it—to SAVE MONEY on all the Wall Paper you buy—Go to the Old Reliable!

## DEXTER'S BOOK STORE,

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## New Goods!

Coming in Daily Now! Many Bargains—

Webster's Unabridged Dictionary, last edition, 85c.

Dr. Warner Coraline Corset, 79c.

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A fine line at 50c and 60c, worth 75c and \$1.00.

Better goods at \$1.00 to \$1.50.

Some new Fringed Table Covers, at prices lower than we have ever shown before.

SHOES! SHOES! SHOES!

See them! Price them! Buy them!

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THE RACKET!

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B. G. Wilkerson. John Cushman.

WILKERSON & CASHMAN,

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## Sedalia Democrat.

OLD SERIES, NEW SERIES,  
Established 1868. Inaugurated 1891.  
VOL. XXV. Number 45. VOL. I.

\* Published Daily Except Sunday by the  
**Sedalia Democrat Comp'y.**  
A. C. BALDWIN, P. B. STRATTON JR.,  
Pres. and Manager. Sec'y and Editor.

## TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS:  
Daily, delivered, 15c per week.  
Daily, delivered, 65c per month.

## BY MAIL, POSTAGE PREPAID:

Daily, one year, in advance, \$6.00  
Daily, six months, in advance, 3.00  
Daily, three months, in advance, 1.50  
Daily, one month, in advance, .65  
Weekly edition, one year, in advance, 1.00  
Weekly edition, six months, in advance, .60

Address all communications on business or for publication to

**THE DEMOCRAT,**  
Sedalia, Mo.

Office: Equitable Building, Fourth and  
Lamine streets. Telephone 232.

## "GOOD EVENING!"



She Reads THE DEMOCRAT.

"I would earnestly advise them for their good to order this paper to be punctually served up and to be looked upon as a part of the tea equipage."—ADDISON.

SENATOR BLACKBURN'S interview will be found in the nature of a tonic if read by democrats who have grown weak and nervous on the silver question.

SEDALIA democrats should not allow themselves to become over-confident and careless. Victory is in their grasp, but they must not go to sleep or become indifferent.

THE Bi-Chloride of Gold clubs now number 50,000 members, and they seem to be honest and sincere in the work of saving those who have fallen victims to strong drink.

THE Ladies Home Journal improves with each recurring number, and is now the leading favorite of its class in the United States and possibly in the world. It fills a place no other periodical has been able to do.

CONGRESSMAN BLAND has served notice on the New England members that they cannot postpone the consideration of the silver question. He insists upon a fair, square vote on the question, not to antagonize the tariff or any other measure, but to carry out the pledges made by the democrats during the campaign of 1890.

MRS. JAMES G. BLAINE JR., has been successful in her suit and the court granted her divorce and alimony. The testimony showed young Blaine and his mother most heartless in the treatment of the young wife, and the trial judge expressed a very poor opinion of a young man who would thus at the bidding of his mother desert a beautiful and loving wife.

THE great industrial conference which meets in St. Louis to-day, represents the honest demands of the producers of the country for a larger share in the products of their labor. It is the outcome of a quarter of a century of class favoritism and class distinctions, and is a protest against the governmental policy which is so rapidly concentrating the wealth of the country in a few hands and correspondingly impoverishing the masses—a policy that has aptly been described as making millionaires by the dozen and tramps by the thousand. Of course designing politicians, wild and visionary socialists and heartless demagogues will strive to divert this pro-

test along the lines that promise to benefit them, whatever result it may have upon the masses. But the majority of the people can see the causes that are operating against them and will be quick to encourage any practical movement to abolish them, and all that the democracy need to do to earn and win the substantial support of the great mass of producers is to remain true to its principles and be brave and courageous in expressing its purposes of reform in public policies.

## PATRIOTISM.

This is the anniversary of the birth of the great Washington, and by the statutes of our country is a legal holiday.

We cannot afford as Americans to permit the names of the country's benefactors to be forgotten. It is by paying tribute to their memory that the ambition to emulate illustrious example is inspired. What school boy in Sedalia will not be affected by the tale of Washington's great patriotism, great persistence, great self-sacrifice, great devotion. It must be made a part of the education of our youth, this impressing the mind with honor and veneration for our country's heroes.

The schools should never have more than half a day's session, and the exercises of that half day should be devoted to teaching the children something of the personal history of the "Father of his Country."

Patriotism is thus engendered and fostered, and we must not neglect its cultivation in our youth.

## THE VERIEST ROT.

The *Journal of Agriculture*, a non-partisan paper which takes a lively interest in democratic nominations, has the following:

"If Hon. Richard Dalton is not elected governor of Missouri, it will be because he is a farmer."

The DEMOCRAT does not believe that Col. Dalton should be held responsible for the publication of such rot, but the disgust which it will engender will injure that gentleman just the same.

No well informed democrat like Col. Dalton, and he is both a well informed man and a sincere democrat, will even entertain a suspicion that men oppose him because of the occupation he follows. If he does entertain such an opinion of his fellow democrats he shows a lack of self-respect in remaining a member of a political party composed of men whom he must regard as bigoted imbeciles.

But the DEMOCRAT does not believe Col. Dalton entertains any such ideas. He has never said anything that sounds like it.

Neither does the DEMOCRAT believe that the *Journal of Agriculture* really entertains the opinion expressed, but that it presumes upon the ignorance and stupidity of its readers and attempts to appeal to class prejudice in the interest of its favorite.

In no section of the state is there the slightest prejudice against farmers. Just now the democracy is engaged in battling for the farmers and trying to free their avocation from the unjust burdens that have been placed upon it.

The farmers of Missouri are too intelligent to allow such an appeal to effect their action. Many of them may believe that Col. Dalton is the best man for the place and support him accordingly, but they will not be led to think that the support accorded other candidates is given them because Dalton is a farmer.

This is not a good year to work the farmer dodge in politics and those who try it are going to fare badly at the hands of the farmers themselves.

If the *Journal of Agriculture* really desires Dalton's nomination it will aid him much more efficiently by pointing out his fitness for the place than it can by setting up in advance of his defeat a claim that is really an insult to the majority of the party.

A POLL of the democratic members of the Missouri general assembly shows that, while Cleveland leads, a majority of the members doubt the wisdom of his nomination. In other words the ex-president is a minority candidate in the greatest democratic state in the union. The people of the state are even more pronounced than their representatives. The feeling is general and is increasing that the democracy should come west for its candidate and its policies.

## SOUND DEMOCRACY.

## SENATOR BLACKBURN TALKS ON DEMOCRATIC SITUATION.

He Gives Some Advice That Can Be Read With Profit by the Members of the Party.

In a recent interview with a Republican reporter Senator Blackburn, of Kentucky, said:

"It has been plain to the casual observer for several months past that a free-coinage bill broad enough in its provisions to meet all substantial demands upon the part of the silver men would pass the house. Such a measure has been reported and is now on the house calendar, known as the Bland bill. That it will pass the house by an overwhelming majority I have no doubt. Its fate in the senate is not so well assured, but my judgment is that it will also pass that body. Then it becomes problematical as to what will be done with it by the president. The country has been steadily and persistently informed (with how much authority, of course, I do not know) that the president would veto such a measure, and I have never believed this to be true. If, however, he should take such action, I, for one, viewing the situation from a political or party standpoint, would be entirely content to see him do it. If he is to be the candidate of his party in the coming contest, and this now seems reasonably well assured, the responsibility would devolve upon him and his advocates to explain to the people the grounds upon which he assumed to thwart the will of the American people upon so grave and vital a question after the same should have been expressed both through a democratic house and republican senate. If our republican friends could extract either consolation or strength from such a situation, I am entirely willing to let them have it. Of course, I speak from the standpoint of a free-coinage man."

"What place ought the tariff to have in the contest?"

"I am not willing to admit that there is a more sincere or earnest advocate of tariff reform, either in my party or in the country, than I am. I would not consent to abandon the fight upon that issue, nor to relegate it to the rear, nor to make it secondary to any other question that the coming contest is to decide. I would keep it well to the front, and I trust that both the platform to be adopted by the coming democratic national convention and the ticket to be selected will be honest and unqualified exponents of the position of my party upon this great question. I do not, however, see the necessity of making a single-issue campaign. I do not see the danger that is to result from linking those two great questions together. In the platform of 1884 we boldly declared for both and went before the country to win a great and what should have been a substantial, enduring victory. I do not believe that any substantial advantage is to be achieved by either an indirection or duplicity. I believe that the best thing for the democratic party to do is to be honest, true to itself and make an open declaration of its convictions. Viewed simply from the standpoint of expediency, no advantage can come to us from a denial or an evasion of either of these issues should such an effort be made. There is not a republican organ nor a republican orator in all the land that won't force us to our just measure of responsibility as the advocates of both. You may omit either the one or the other from your platform altogether, but it will be charged and it will be believed that the democratic party is and always has been the sworn champion of a revision and a reform of the tariff system and for restoration of the silver metal to an equality with gold. If we seek to get away from the responsibilities that attach us to both these measures we will simply fail and as a net result acquire, as we will deserve, less of the confidence and respect of the American people than has hitherto been accorded to us."

"Who do you think ought to be nominated for the presidency?"

"In answer to that question I have no doubt that the wisest thing to do would be to have no opinion at all. The situation is not sufficiently clear at present to warrant even the making of a guess. I am not so wedded to the fortunes of any probable or possible candidate as to find myself furnished with an opinion that would be worth consideration. On the whole list of possible candidates there is not one whom I could not and would not cordially support in the event of his nomination. It appears to be generally assumed that Mr. Cleveland will not be a factor in the contest which the convention is likely to encounter. It seems to

be as generally conceded that at this juncture Senator Hill has a very decided lead in the race. Whether this condition is to continue for four months it is more than difficult to predict. The strength that the anti-Hill or Cleveland element in New York may be able to show between this and June will doubtless go far toward solving the question as to whether it would be wise to go into a doubtful and, as some claim, an indispensable state to find a candidate whose leadership of one faction would arouse the antagonism of the other. What developments the next sixty or ninety days may make in this direction none of us can foretell. That Senator Hill is to-day the arbiter of democratic affairs in the state of New York will not be questioned by anyone. There are very many among the best advised and shrewdest of democratic leaders who believe that Senator Gorman is the coming candidate.

"Under the conditions which we find existing in the east I am tempted to hope that we may turn to the west for a leader.

"Not simply because of the pride of state, nor prompted only by personal relations, but for broader and better reasons that present themselves to my mind, I favor the nomination of Carlisle. Upon the tariff issue his record puts him not only in touch with, but in the vanguard of his party. I do not believe that he is in accord with the democracy upon the silver issue, but I am persuaded that he is not enough out of line upon that question with his party to warrant an objection to him by any of the democratic element. There are many gentlemen in the west whose names have been mentioned in this connection, and many more to whom attention has not been called, that in my opinion would prove available and proper candidates. From this number Morrison of Illinois would naturally and properly be considered if this nomination is to be given to the west. He has many elements of strength that would make him a formidable candidate should the nomination be given to him. He has been kept prominently in the public eye for many years; his record is without a blemish; he probably would come as near being acceptable to the silver and anti-silver men of his party as any man who could be named, whilst to those who insist that the tariff shall be made the one and only issue he stands out with pre-eminent claims upon their support, for the record shows that long before any of these latter-day apostles of tariff reform gained prominence he was the recognized champion, fighting its battles, illustrating a courage which the country will ever honor and paying in defeat the penalty imposed upon his bold but honest utterances. I do not mean to say that he will be or can be nominated, but what I do mean to say is that should this be the result no apostle of democracy would find it necessary to offer either apology or explanation for support of him. No awkward republican antecedents would need to be explained away. There would need to be nothing of the Horace Greeley campaign involved in the contest. An unbroken democratic record from youth to the present hour, illustrating an integrity that has never been questioned and a courage that has never wavered, would constitute the foundations upon which we would pitch that fight.

"I only care to repeat that among names already given and many others not mentioned here we will have no difficulty, if we are wise, in finding a suitable and proper candidate. I want that man nominated who can win, provided he illustrates in his record an unquestioned and unquestionable devotion to the tenets of my party's faith. I am not anxious enough to score victory to induce me to surrender the results that of right belong to a winning fight. I want to win, but I want to win with a democrat whose very name shall constitute and guarantee to the American people that his induction into the office means the re-establishment of genuine, sound, old-fashioned democracy."

## "CHURCH CREDIT."

A Practical Sermon by Mr. Stephens—Large Audience and Delightful Singing.

The Cumberland Presbyterian church held a large congregation yesterday morning, and the services were especially interesting. The subject of the sermon was "Church Credit." Mr. Stephens stated that the church stands in relation to its credit, as an individual, and if it meets its business obligations fully and promptly, it stands well before the world, just as an individual whose credit is rated high in commercial circles.

The pastor lamented the fact that so many churches are slow in meeting their money obligations, and this subjects them to harsh criticism and impairs their usefulness. This failure on the part of

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the church officials to be punctual in business transactions relating to the church, arises from the delinquency of the members in paying their dues.

Mr. Stephens also disclosed what he called a ministerial secret, which is, that the outside world does not know of the amount of inconvenience and even suffering often patiently endured by a multitude of ministers because their salaries are unpaid. The speaker cited an illustration of an aged preacher who had built up and labored long and hard for a certain church, and yet, to-day, that same church owes that good and faithful servant the sum of \$500 back salary.

To show the extent to which churches are in debt, Mr. Stephens referred to the rather startling fact that, out of 278 churches in Brooklyn, N. Y., only 29 of them are free from debt.

The musical part of the service was particularly fine. The male quartet, composed of Messrs. Hoffman, Menefee, Stryker and Kennedy, is the best in Central Missouri. The accomplished organist is Prof. J. M. Chance, while the cornet accompaniment by Mr. Emil Dorn added greatly to the spirit and beauty of the congregational singing.

## "Walking With God."

The misty weather and muddy streets did not interfere much with the attendance at the First Congregational church last night, the audience being a large one.

Rev. N. H. Whittlesey, of Evans-ton, Ill., preached an able sermon on the subject which heads this article. He has a rich, deep voice and great power of expression.

The musical part of the service was especially fine. The orchestra played several excellent pieces, and the quartet was at its best. A duet by Mr. Wilcox and Mrs. Boller was exquisitely rendered.

For a really first-class meal and service, call at Pehl's Fulton Market restaurant.

W. J. Letts has the reputation of selling groceries cheaper than any other man in East Sedalia. Try him once and see if such is not the case.

Liquors for family use, 115 W. Main, Frank Kruger.

The American Security company of New York has established a branch office in Sedalia, and are prepared to receive applications to furnish bonds for bank cashiers, book-keepers and employes in Sedalia and Pettis county. For rates and terms call on R. C. Sneed, agent, Equitable building.

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National convention of labor organizations at St. Louis, Mo. Tickets sold February 19, 20, 21, 22 and 23. Good for return to and including March 10, 1892. A rate of one fare for the round trip.

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Ticket Agent.

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"The Star-Eyed Goddess of reform may screech and howl" but unless she eats Gold Band Hams and Breakfast Bacon by J. W. Hicks it will do no good.

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## AMUSEMENTS.

## WOOD'S OPERA HOUSE.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 26th :-

## "The Train Wreckers!"

The greatest realistic railroad drama now before the public. GREAT RIOT SCENE. Wrecking of Stone Bridge. TERRIFIC CYCLONE SCENE. TRAMP'S LODGING HOUSE. A Photo of Every Day Life. W. A. JOHNSON, Manager. C. H. KEESLIN, Acting Manager.

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## RAILROAD TIME-CARDS.

## Missouri, Kansas and Texas R'y.

SOUTHBOUND. MAIN LINE.

Arrive. Leave. No. 1, Texas Express, 5:45 p. m. 6:15 p. m.

No. 3, " 8:55 a. m. 9:15 a. m.

NORTHBOUND. MAIN LINE.

Arrive. Leave. No. 2, Texas Express, 8:15 a. m. 10:40 a. m.

No. 4, Chicago Exp's, 5:50 p. m. 6:10 p. m.

## Sedalia, Warsaw and Southern.

NORTH BOUND. Arrives.

No. 200, Accommodation, 9:45 a. m.

SOUTH BOUND. Leaves.

No. 199, Accommodation, 4:15 p. m.

## Missouri Pacific R'y.

MAIN LINE. WESTBOUND.

Arrive. Leave. No. 1 Day Express, 3:25 p. m. 3:35 p. m.

No. 3 Night Express, 3:15 a. m. 3:25 a. m.

No. 5 Local Pass'g'r, 3:15 p. m. 3:40 p. m.

No. 7 Fast Mail, 7:55 a. m. 8:00 a. m.

No. 9 Texas Express, 4:55 a. m.

No. 7 does not carry passengers.

MAIN LINE. EASTBOUND.

Arrive. Leave. No. 2 Day Express, 12:35 p. m. 12:40 p. m.

No. 4 Night Exp'r's 11:55 p. m. 12:01 a. m.

No. 6 Local Pass'g'r, 10:40 a. m. 10:45 a. m.

No. 8 Night Exp'r's, 12:40 a. m. 12:45 a. m.

## Lexington Branch.

WESTBOUND.

Arrive. Leave. No. 193 Colorado Exp's 5:05 a. m.

No. 191 Local Pass'g'r, 3:45 p. m.

No. 197 Local Freight, 10:55 a. m.

EASTBOUND.

Arrive. Leave. No. 192 St. Louis Exp's, 10:30 p. m.

No. 194 Local Passenger, 10:30 p. m.

No. 198 Local Freight, 3:00 p. m.

## ANSWERED.

I took my sorrow where the swelling fields lay circled by the low, caressing sky. The soft enchantment that the morning yields Held all the murmurous air, and only I Marred the rejoicing day, and drew apart. When joy came flooding till my pulse leaped high. I told my gladness to the wood's deep heart. And all the forest answered with a sigh. She heeds—sweet Nature—nay, she is not dumb! When from my prisoned soul the bars shall fall, There waits an answer to my every cry. Though yet her speech I may not know, In some Glad times my soul, bond sundered, shall recall In thousandfold the sure and blest reply. —Nannie Mayo Fitzhugh in Harper's.

## THE PUNCHED KOPECK.

"The annals of the Russian police, if they could be read, would excel the most extravagant imaginings of your Belots and Gaboriaus," said a handsome, heavily whiskered man who was one of a little party of five gentlemen in a small room in a St. Petersburg private palace. "We have excellent writers of fiction here in Russia" (two of his auditors were Frenchmen), "and they sometimes go to the real for material, but I am sure that the shrewdest of them have never heard of the punched kopeck which belongs to the annals of the police just mentioned."

The man with the whiskers emptied his wineglass and pushed it away as he continued:

"About fifteen years ago Count Yasilvitch was one of the best known nobles of the empire. His St. Petersburg establishment was conducted on a style of royal magnificence, and he had the imperial ear oftener than any other man of his rank. Well, one morning the count was found dead in his mansion and under circumstances which went to prove that somebody had helped him out of the world. As a matter of course the Russian police took the affair in hand and that was the last we heard of it."

"At that time there was said to be attached to the Third section a man named Paritz. Rumor invested him with all the attributes of the ideal sleuth. Nobody could be found who had ever seen him, but all the same the great discoveries in crime continued to be placed to his credit. He worked out great results from impossible beginnings, and some said that it was Paritz who was adding most to the criminal population of Siberia. Of course every one expected to see Count Yasilvitch's enemy dragged to light through the agency of this secret man hound, but as weeks and months passed without anything of the kind transpiring, Paritz became the laughing stock of St. Petersburg."

"Count Yasilvitch was known far and wide as a numismatist. His collection of coins was the most complete of any in the country, and had drawn from the mint large offers of purchase. In the collection were two kopecks which had been curiously punched through the center. Count Yasilvitch valued these coins above any in his possession, and it was understood that they had a history which he would not reveal."

"When the police came to examine the count's coins after his death they discovered that a number of pieces were missing, and among them was one of the kopecks. Of course the authorities did not care to publish their discovery from motives which you can easily understand, and the world at large knew nothing about it. The coin which was not taken by the assassin, admitting this for our story's sake, gentlemen, was given to the misty Paritz, with orders to find its mate and the count's enemy as well."

"Paritz took the case with his usual bow, and there the chief of police left it. The count's coins were put up for sale, and the numismatists who were drawn to St. Petersburg by the event wondered what had become of the punched kopeck. Half a dozen bidders stood ready to purchase it at any price. Time rolled on and everybody forgot Paritz and his trail. We did not hear so much about his prowess now, and there were fewer great discoveries in crime, although the number of exiles was not lessened."

"I recollect that I took considerable interest in the trail of the kopeck at the time. I was rather intimate with a member of the police, and he told me much about the count's death and the hunt. But question him as adroitly as I would, I could learn nothing of the identity of the renowned Paritz. Indeed, I was more than ever inclined to consider him a myth, and to believe that the name had become a general term for the Third section. I went abroad a few months after the Yasilvitch mystery was sprung on society and traveled almost incessantly for ten years. I visited nearly every part of the globe, finding wherever I went secret representatives of our police, with whom, being a native Russian myself, I became as intimate as possible. I tried by these means to keep track of the mythical Paritz and his trail. The secret agents had heard about the missing kopeck, but they did not know how far Paritz had progressed, nor where he was then."

"There was something ludicrous in the story of Paritz and the punched kopeck. The coin had continually baffled the czar's spy, and he had heard nothing of it from the time it left Count Yasilvitch's possession. Your French detectives might have done better, but poor Paritz, he could find nothing!"

"About a year ago interest in the count's death was suddenly revived by the arrest of a man who had a lot of rare coins on his person. There was said to be some of these missing from the murdered man's collection, and they were subjected to the closest scrutiny. The fellow arrested was an honest and illiterate mudjik, who avowed that he had found the coins in the weed grown garden attached to the late count's residence. He was not released till the garden had been spaded over for more coin by the authorities, whose labors were rewarded by the finding of several rare roubles known to have been described in the Yasilvitch catalogue."

"Now more than ever Paritz and the punched kopeck became objects of derision. Several of the Russian newspapers received pasquinades on the sub-

ject, but as a matter of course they were not published. A Russian editor is supposed to know just how far to go to eat his bread this side of the frontier. For fifteen years the punched kopeck has been missing to the Russian police. The Yasilvitch case is as great a mystery now as it was then, and for once Paritz has been thoroughly baffled."

"If he is not a police fiction, he knows no more today of the whereabouts of the mutilated kopeck than does the gentleman who inhabits the moon. Our police stand baffled by one of the most insignificant coins of the world, for, until Paritz can place the kopeck in his possession alongside the one he has not, of course the mystery of Count Yasilvitch's death cannot be solved."

"Now, let me show how completely this Paritz has been beaten," and a smile stole over the whiskered face of the Russian while he refilled his wineglass and drank it off. "I am by no means a detective myself, but we pick up queer things in our everyday wanderings. Wherever I went during my tour I examined every coin that fell into my hands, for I was quite familiar with Count Yasilvitch's collection, and believed I would be able to recognize any parts of it at sight. I might even admit that I gradually grew to be a hunter of lost coins, and of the punched kopeck in particular."

"But I came home unsuccessful. One morning in the markets of St. Petersburg I received in change a lot of small coin which, being in a hurry at the time, I carried home without an examination. In my library I fell to looking at the little pieces, and what was my astonishment when I found in my hand a punched kopeck. There was no doubt that I had the identical coin which had baffled the acumen of the Russian police for fifteen years, and for which the wonderful Paritz could almost afford to trade his head. Yes; I had found in St. Petersburg the punched kopeck which the sleuth of the empire may have chased around the world, and in order to wind up my story with the proper climax, gentlemen, here it is!"

At the same time Colonel Simovarov, who had just finished the narrative, drew from his waistcoat pocket a small coin, which he placed carefully and with the proper emphasis of a ture on the table under the lamp.

His auditors, two Frenchmen and two Russians, leaned forward with gaze riveted on the coin.

"Now, I would like to see Paritz match the punched kopeck and thus vindicate the fame of the Russian police," continued Colonel Simovarov, looking up at his auditors with a smile of triumph. "If he does not I may hold him up as the laughing stock of the world and prove that the Third section is not infallible."

The last words had barely left Simovarov's lips ere a very dark hand rose over the edge of the table, and the next second, to the utter consternation of four men, another kopeck, punched exactly like the first, lay on the cloth. Colonel Simovarov fell back and stared first at the second kopeck and then at the guest who had placed it where it was.

"Paritz, gentlemen, has chased the kopeck around the world," said the guest without the semblance of a smile on his swarthy face. "He takes great pleasure in vindicating the Russian police by matching Colonel Simovarov's kopeck. I am Paritz."

Colonel Simovarov broke into a derisive laugh.

"You are my friend and guest, Captain Basilvitch," said he to the so called Paritz. "I recollect that we met in Constantinople and again in Milan and Athens. Come, come, gentlemen, Captain Basilvitch is a man of honor. We will drink to his little joke."

The face of Paritz did not relax. Rising to his feet he drew forth a small diary, the leaves of which he turned with provoking coolness.

At length he began to read of Colonel Simovarov's minutest doings in France and among the Pyrenees. From this he jumped to the tourist in America, and was following him step by step back to the czar's dominions, when Simovarov threw up his hand.

"It is enough!" he said with quivering lip. "There is but one devil, and his name is Paritz!"

The police spy bowed. "I take the punched kopecks, gentlemen, and the murderer of Count Yasilvitch as well," and gathering up the two coins with one hand, he touched Simovarov on the shoulder with the other.

There was not the least resistance on the colonel's part, and he went with Paritz and the punched kopecks to the station.

The little wine supper thus startlingly broken up by the indefatigable spy of the czar was never resumed, and the two Frenchmen left St. Petersburg the next day fully convinced of the power and the efficiency of the Russian empire.

Colonel Simovarov paid the severest penalty of the law for his secret crime, and from the day of the finding of the punched kopeck the name of Paritz has been invested with a new dread and terror.—T. C. Harbauch in New York Mercury.

## He Didn't Like to Be Kissed.

The Rev. J. Colquhoun, of Leight, was a man of extreme solemnity of demeanor. On one sacrament Sunday morning, his wife, being desirous to have him nicely out for the occasion, had his coat rigged well brushed, his shirt white as snow and his bands hanging handsomely on his breast; and when she surveyed her gude man, she was so delighted with his comely appearance that she suddenly took him around the neck and kissed him.

Thereupon the Rev. John was so offended by this carnal proceeding that he debarred his wife from the sacrament that day.—Cotton Factory Times.

## For Value Received.

She—He was desperately in love with her. Why, he sent her costly flowers and presents nearly every day for two years. Did he finally win her?

He—No. He earned her.—New York Epoch.

# The Sedalia Democrat.

Evening and Weekly.

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5 per cent. Certificates of Deposit.  
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We have for the special accommodation of customers a massive fire-proof vault, in which boxes containing valuable papers can be placed. No charge will be made.

OFFICE HOURS from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.  
Bank also open Saturday evenings from 5 to 8 o'clock, to receive deposits only.

### POLITICAL.

#### For Mayor.

The DEMOCRAT is authorized to announce E. W. Stevens as a candidate for the office of mayor of the city of Sedalia, subject to the decision of the democratic primary election.

#### For City Marshal.

The DEMOCRAT is authorized to announce John Hyatt as a candidate for marshal of the city of Sedalia, subject to the action of the democratic party.

#### For City Collector.

The DEMOCRAT is authorized to announce V. P. Hart as a candidate for the office of city collector, subject to the decision of the democratic primary election.

#### For Recorder.

The DEMOCRAT is authorized to announce B. Rauck as a candidate for the office of city recorder, subject to the action of the democratic primary election.

#### For Councilman.

The DEMOCRAT is authorized to announce R. F. Dean as a candidate for councilman in the Fourth ward, subject to the decision of the democratic primary election.

#### The Lamonte Club.

The officers of the Blue Ribbon club recently organized at Lamonte by A. P. M. Gross, are Frank Winder, president; Lee Means, vice president; Dollie Clark, secretary, and Miss Winfrey, treasurer. The total number of club members is twenty-seven.

#### Fine Residence.

Eight rooms and bath, corner lot closed in, modern improvements, water, shade, shrubbery, stable, &c., &c., for sale cheap, at \$4,500. Will take some clear property in part payment. Address X. P. O. Sedalia, Mo.

"On a tree by the river sat a little Tom Tit singing." Breakfast Bacon. Gold Band Breakfast Bacon and Hams for sale by Jno. W. Hicks.

"My object all sublime I shall achieve in time" when I eat Gold Band Hams and Breakfast Bacon for sale by J. W. Hicks.

#### Emperor William Will Not Visit Chicago.

The rumor in the newspapers to the effect that the Emperor of Germany would visit Chicago during the World's fair, has been officially denied, but that Geo. J. Kehl always keeps on hand a good supply of the choicest beef in the market, is a well established fact. Call and see me.

Geo. J. KEHL.

The people all say that Dave Emrich is the politest man in town, and that when they want any meat they think of him the first thing. Call and see Dave in the east end of market house and try his meats.

#### I have the best beef in Sedalia.

M. M. STEVENSON.

#### To the Public.

Our entire stock of fine and staple groceries have now arrived, and we desire to call the attention of the public to the same. We promise to treat all alike, and if we are given a call and a chance to prove what we have we know they will trade with us. Come and see.

BRILL & Co.

521 Ohio Street.

For the oldest and choicest wines, etc., go to Pehl's. His reputation is a guarantee for the superior quality of the goods he handles.

For the oldest and choicest wines, etc., go to Pehl's. His reputation is a guarantee for the superior quality of the goods he handles.

#### For Rent or Sale.

A fine farm within four miles of Sedalia, (205 acres, well improved) will be let or sold on favorable terms. Possession given March 1.

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Dempsey Building.

#### Just Received.

From our smoke house, a fine lot of sugar-cured hams, shoulders and bacon, put up by us especially for home trade.

S. WRIGHT & SON,  
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For a really first-class meal and service, call at Pehl's Fulton Market restaurant.

Go to the Catholic fair.

## AT TEA TIME.

### Washington.

In the wondrous Old Dominion,  
Full of chieftains, fraught with fame,  
Stands the tomb of one whose glory  
Hallows every English name.  
Whether they be Greek or Roman,  
Celt or Saxon, Slav or Gaul,  
In the list of the Immortals  
Washington is king of all.

King, I say, of all the thronging  
Hosts of heroes who have died  
On the dizzy heights of glory  
By their country deified,  
Though he wore no crown nor scepter  
As the Caesars did of old,  
When the laurel leaf was mingled  
With the gleam and greed of gold.

These, the tinsel tricks and trifles  
Sought by men of high degree,  
Were as frail to him as shadows  
Shifting o'er the summer sea;  
Scepters were to him the symbols  
Of the silly pomp of knaves;  
Crowns bespoke the gilded master  
Mighty 'mongst a mass of slaves.

Truer heart had he, and nobler,  
Braver soul and higher aim,  
On the stormy fields of battle,  
In the civil halls of fame;  
First he stood and stands forever  
In his country's love and pride;  
If we make us gods of mortals,  
Washington is deified.

Through the forests, deep and solemn,  
Over mountain range and stream,  
Ere that world had half awakened  
From its dark, mysterious dream,  
He in lusty youth went forward  
Firm of step and bold of heart,  
Simple and sincere as any  
Chieftain known to song or art.

If the need were and the daring  
Never braver man than he  
Faced the foe in the forest,  
By the blue Virginian sea;  
Never nobler, harder hero  
Clad in rugged huntsman's dress,  
Ever smote the haughty Indian  
In the New World's wilderness.

Then as gathered, fierce and mighty,  
England's wrath on sea and shore,  
When her frown was like a storm cloud,  
And her voice like ocean's roar,  
Our own Washington, undaunted,  
Freedom's fiery patriots led  
Through the long years till the victory  
Crowned his battle banners red.

Crowns were offered him, and titles,  
That would rouse a prince's greed,  
But he spurned them with a spirit  
Of heroic pride and deed.  
After weary years of battle,  
Duty's diadem was all  
That he fought for when he answered  
To his country's clarion call.

Grand and simple, strong and faithful,  
With a soul that would not quail,  
Straight hesteered this ship of nations  
Where no other dared to sail.  
Hard the billows beat its timbers,  
Darkly dashed the furious storm,  
But against the helm a hero  
Firmly stood in god-like form.

So, to-day, from the Atlantic  
Clear to California's seas,  
Shouts of joy and sounds of golden  
Bells ascend upon the breeze,  
Bearing heavenward a blessing  
On the memory of one  
Whom the world shall ever honor—  
Washington!

—George W. Ferrell.

It may be unknown to some of the DEMOCRAT's readers that Washington was born February 11, 1732, instead of on February 22, 1732. The difference in the days of the month was caused by George III, of England making a change in the calendar. Washington was six feet two inches in height, with brown hair, blue eyes, large head and strong arms. He died on December 14, 1799. His last words were: "I die hard, but am not afraid to go."

Missourians are in brotherly sympathy with Texas, brought about largely, no doubt, by the fact that in the late war, southern troops from that state and this mingled, marched, fought, bled and died together and shared in a common glory. This feeling was manifested by the audience at Wood's opera house Saturday night, when Congressman Maverick Brander, in a flight of patriotic eloquence, declared that if Massachusetts could boast of a Warren at Bunker Hill, Texas could point with pride to the immortal Crockett at the Alamo. This brought down the house, and the applause swept in a torrent through the great audience.

#### Washington's Birthday.

This being a legal holiday, in memory of Washington's birth, the several banks and other public buildings are closed. Sedalia is indulging in no observance of him who was first in peace, first in war and first in the hearts of his countrymen.

#### Goes West for Her Health.

E. L. Hansard, formerly druggist at the Kansas City Missouri Pacific hospital under Dr. W. P. King, is in the city to day visiting his sister, Mrs. E. P. Epperson.

She has been in poor health for quite a time, and it is the intention that she depart to-morrow with her brother for the southwest, where it is hoped that her condition will be benefitted.

#### Is Printing Again.

Charles Shelley Hughes, the versatile and accomplished bigamist, did not long remain idle after being released from jail. He has accepted a position in the job rooms of the Bazaar.

The shops are filled to overflowing with work, resulting from the immense freight traffic.

## SHOP AND RAIL.

### CURRENT HISTORY OF THE RAILROAD WORLD.

#### What Men are Doing and Saying and Companies Planning and Executing.

#### In Town and Out.

Billy Bowles, the bully boy from Parsons, was in the city yesterday.

Fireman E. L. McComas went to Denison this morning to visit friends.

J. Waldo's private car No. 36 was put in the shops yesterday to be re-varnished.

John Sneed, live stock claim agent for the M., K. & T., went south last night.

Traveling Auditor Ed. Farley, of the M., K. & T., went to Pilot Grove this morning.

A number of M., K. & T. trainmen are assisting the Missouri Pacific in the big freight traffic.

Missouri Pacific engine No. 952, was turned out of the shops last week after being thoroughly overhauled.

Engineer Tom Woods is holding the throttle again after being laid up with a severe attack of lumbago last week.

C. E. Northway, of the Missouri Pacific store rooms, returned last night from a visit with his folks at Jefferson City.

J. B. Bell, fireman on the north end, is back to his work after a pleasant visit with his relatives at Cincinnati, Ohio.

J. J. Coates laid aside for few hours the duties of chief clerk in J. Waldo's office at St. Louis and dined with Sedalia friends on the Sabbath.

Col. John Antes, now employed in the office of A. T. Drew at Parsons, told a few stories—Kansas jokes—to the boys at Sicher's yesterday.

The phenomenal freight traffic still continues on the Missouri Pacific. Grain has been moving from the west for ninety days and will continue, it is thought, until May.

Missouri Pacific freight engine No. 949, which has been running steadily for about two years, is undergoing thorough repairs in the shops, and will receive a new set of drive wheels.

The recent thaw has made the usual spring depressions in the roadbeds of the different lines and "pig wallowing makes riding on an engine anything but pleasant."

H. N. Smith, formerly a fireman on a switch engine in the yards, has passed a successful examination and has been promoted to road work. Mr. Smith is a good man and is to be congratulated.

Jim Glass came from Parsons yesterday with an empty valise and returned last night with the same article which seemed to bulge suspiciously. It is supposed to have contained a number of square meals.

Roy Rucker spent the day in Sedalia yesterday. Roy is now working in the general offices at Parsons. He was formerly employed in the general offices in this city. It is hard to escape the fascination of railroad life.

A petition to change back the time table of the Sedalia, Warsaw and Southern, which was recently changed, is being circulated by the people along the line of that road. The DEMOCRAT feels that the change should be made.

Auditor Geo. J. Pollock's circular abolishing the pay car is now posted in the railway offices. Agents at each point along the line of the M. K. & T. will now handle the pay roll for the men under them. The change will amount to a saving of about \$10,000 annually.

E. H. Heaton, recorder of Sedalia A. O. U. W. lodge No. 170, has received the check of \$2,000 for the family of Fireman Tom Beard, who died a short time ago. The payment was a prompt one and emphasizes how fortunate it is to be connected with such an organization.

#### WHO TRAVELS?

#### The Farmers Staying at Home While Eastern People Travel.

The railroad department of the Republic calls attention to an interesting interview as follows:

El. C. Lomax in charge of the passenger department of the Union Pacific, H. C. Townsend, who occupies a like position on the Missouri Pacific and D. H. Martyn, the representative of Sir George M. Pullman in St. Louis, were discussing passenger traffic. Mr. Townsend said: "I don't understand it, we are getting precious little travel from Kansas. The crops there have been excellent, but it's a dead sure fact that the farmers in that state are not spending any of their money in railroad fares."

Mr. Lomax said: "We are stay-

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## THE BANKRUPT STORE

Surprise the Public.

Men's Good Stiff Hats, Worth \$1.50, for 60c.

" " " " " 50c " 20c.

" " Lined Jeans Pants, worth \$1.00, for 65c.

" " Blue Overalls, worth 50c. for 35c.

" " Flannel Shirts, 20c.

And everything else in proportion. Our specialty is MEN'S SUITS. A complete line, from \$2.50 to \$22.50.

Remember We Handle Only BANKRUPT STOCK. Call and be convinced.

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204 OHIO STREET.

### AMUSEMENTS.

#### A Texas Steer.

Manager H. W. Wood and the "Texas Steer" people must have been abundantly gratified when they surveyed the immense and fashionable audience which filled the opera house to overflowing Saturday night.

The prologue represents a characteristic scene in the Lone Star state. After that the action of the play is transferred to the national capital.

The picture of Washington political life was strikingly realistic and many details of it, as brought out by this excellent company, evoked loud applause.

The whole performance was entirely worthy of the splendid audience, and Dr. Wood is to be commended for engaging entertainers so delightful.

#### "The Train Wreckers."

Among the realistic features produced in the new American melodrama, "The Train Wreckers," is the wrecking of a stone arch bridge with dynamite. The bridge is almost totally demolished in full view of the audience, and so real is the effect produced that no person in front can quite understand how it is accomplished. At the opera house Friday, Feb. 26.

#### A Fast Run.

The 12:40 noon train got a great move on itself while coming from Warrensburg. They were delayed at Holden and ran from Warrensburg, a distance of 30 miles in 38 minutes, including stops.

#### Thumb Mashed.

Ed. Huff, Missouri Pacific switchman in the middle yards, had the thumb of his left hand badly mashed while performing his duties about 9 o'clock yesterday morning. Ed. will be compelled to rest until the injured member is all right again.

#### The Train Wrecker.

This new realistic melodrama, by J. A. Fraser, jr., illustrated by a wealth of special scenery and vivid stage accessories and scenic effects, comes to Wood's opera house next Friday night, 26th inst.

#### Marriage License.

Marriage license was issued to-day to James Cronin and Ida Pearl Harris, both of Pettis county.

#### No Services.

It was announced that Rev. Whittier, of Kansas City, would preach at the Methodist church South to-night, but word was received this morning that he could not come, hence no services will be had. The stewards will have a meeting, to which the congregation will be made most welcome.

Attend the Catholic fair.

Genuine mineral waters, 115 W. Main, Frank Kruger.

Old papers for sale at this office.

Call and see the latest and newest in baby carriages at prices so low as to astonish. 317 Ohio street.

Buy wine of Frank Kruger, 115 W. Main.

#### MASONIC.

GRANITE LODGE No. 272, A.F. and A.M. meets in called communication for work in the E. A. degree, at 7:30 this evening sharp. Visiting brethren are fraternally invited. By order of the W. M.

M. L. JACOBS, Sec'y.

## Brandt Grocery Co.

Fresh Goods

Fancy and Staple

We are showing some strictly first-class goods specially adapted to this difficult season of the year.

Prices and Quality

Will demonstrate the advantage of buying your

Family Groceries at the Old Reliable Stand

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Ohio Street.

#### WHEN YOU WANT

COAL : OR : WOOD!

At Bottom Prices, telephone No. 56.

E. Simpson's Coal Yard,  
N. W. Cor. Ohio and Pacific Sts.

**MONEY—TO LOAN ON**  
watches, guns, pistols and other personal property, 116 Ohio street, back of Globe Shoe Store. H. V. LEIST.

#### MUD AND FOG.

#### A Countryman Tries to Fly Without Wings.

The bottom has simply dropped out of the roads and the country highways are almost impassable. The farmers are compelled to attach four horses to bring their merchandise to the city.

What promised to be a serious accident occurred in a laughable way on East Broadway this morning. A farmer was driving four horses to a wagon load of corn. The horses were pulling very hard and the man standing on the wagon in position where he was just about able to maintain his equilibrium. All at once the "leaders" broke the chains attaching them to the wagon and immediately started to run.

The rustic jehu was jerked high in the air and sailed over the horses in front of him as if he had wings. He struck a soft place in the mud, however, and was none the worse for his flight.

#### MINISTERS' ALLIANCE.

#### A Petition to be Presented to Congressman Heard to Close the World's Fair.

At the meeting of the ministers this morning a committee was appointed to prepare a petition to Congressman Heard, asking his assistance in having the World's Fair closed on the Sabbath.

The committee appointed last week in regard to the Children's Home society, presented the following resolution:

*Resolved*—That we, the Ministers' association of Sedalia, Mo., do most heartily commend to our people and to the public at large the institution known as the Children's Home Society.

Further, that we learn with pleasure that the superintendent of this district, Miss Davenport, is to make her home in our midst.

We most cordially welcome her and pledge our co-operation in the great work of child-saving and child-reform.

Rev. J. R. Stevenson, pastor of the Broadway Presbyterian church, read an unusually interesting paper on "Doctrinal preaching as related to public morals."

## Sedalia Carpet Co.

The largest stock, newest patterns, choicest colors, fresh goods right from the mills at less money than you can buy old goods. :- :-

## DO NOT BE DECEIVED

by competitors telling you what you know is not so—come and see for yourselves. *Lace Curtains, Portieres, Window Shades, China Mattings, Rugs, &c., Very Cheap.*

**D. A. CLARK, Manager.**

Third and Lamine.